SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10 April 2018
Version : 1.04

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Product name : PPG2845-801
Product code : PPG2845-801/B/25K
Other means of identification : Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use : Industrial applications.
Use of the substance/mixture : Coating.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
PPG France Business Support SAS
3, ZAE "Les Dix Muids"
B.P. 89
59583 Marly Cedex
France
+33 (0)3 27 19 88 00
- Technical contact : Product Compliance EMEA
  - Tel : +33 (0)3 27 14 97 00
  - Fax : +33 (0)3 27 14 97 08
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : EurMsdsContact@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
Supplier
+33 (0)3 27 14 97 00

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Product definition : Mixture
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Eye Dam. 1, H318
STOT SE 3, H336
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms:

- Flammable liquid and vapour
- Eye irritation
- Flammable solid
- Drowning hazard

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- Flammable liquid and vapour.
- Causes serious eye damage.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
- Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
- No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response:
- IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage:
- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:
- Not applicable.

Hazardous ingredients:
- Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene
- butan-1-ol

Supplemental label elements:
- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:
- Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements:
- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings:
  - Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger:
  - Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards:

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
- Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a constituent that may slowly release formaldehyde on storage and at temperatures greater than 60°C/140°F.
## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>% by weight</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 918-811-1 CAS: 64742-94-5</td>
<td>≥25 - ≤50</td>
<td>STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066</td>
<td>[1][2]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2, 4-diylidiamine</td>
<td>EC: 202-095-6 CAS: 91-76-9 Index: 613-038-00-3</td>
<td>≥5.0 - ≤10</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412</td>
<td>[1]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>butan-1-ol</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6</td>
<td>≥1.0 - ≤5.0</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336</td>
<td>[1][2]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

**Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard  
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit  
[5] Substance of equivalent concern  
[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.**
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness.

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, dryness, cracking, blistering may occur.

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, Formaldehyde.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for firefighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limit values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>EU OEL (Europe).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 17 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 100 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Effects</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>151 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
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<tr>
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<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
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<td>Systemic</td>
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<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
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<td>Long term Dermal</td>
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<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Oral</td>
<td>7.5 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term Inhalation</td>
<td>553.5 mg/ m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Local</td>
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<tr>
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<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>369 mg/m³</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal</td>
<td>50.6 mg/</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Compartment Detail</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Method Detail</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>butan-1-ol</td>
<td>DNEL Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>43.9 mg/m³</td>
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<td>DNEL Long term Dermal</td>
<td>18.1 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL Long term Oral</td>
<td>3.125 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Consumers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL Long term Inhalation</td>
<td>3.3 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Consumers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL Long term Oral</td>
<td>55 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL Short term Inhalation</td>
<td>289 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL Short term Inhalation</td>
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<td>Workers</td>
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<td>DNEL Long term Inhalation</td>
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<td>DNEL Short term Inhalation</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>DNEL Short term Inhalation</td>
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<tr>
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<td>DNEL Long term Dermal</td>
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<td>DNEL Long term Inhalation</td>
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<td>DNEL Long term Oral</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DNEL Long term Inhalation</td>
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<td></td>
<td>DNEL Long term Inhalation</td>
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<td>Workers</td>
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**PNECs**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Compartment Detail</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Method Detail</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>10 mg/l</td>
<td>Assessment Factors</td>
</tr>
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<td>-</td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>1 mg/l</td>
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</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Sewage Treatment Plant</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
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<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>41.6 mg/kg</td>
<td>Equilibrium Partitioning</td>
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<td>Marine water sediment</td>
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<td>Soil</td>
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<td>Fresh water</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.0082 mg/l</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
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<td>butan-1-ol</td>
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<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.327 mg/l</td>
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<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.327 mg/l</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Sewage Treatment Plant</td>
<td>6.58 mg/l</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>12.46 mg/kg dwt</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Marine water sediment</td>
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<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
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<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.327 mg/l</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
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<td>Marine water sediment</td>
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</table>
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Soil</th>
<th>Fresh water</th>
<th>Marine water</th>
<th>Sewage Treatment Plant</th>
<th>Fresh water sediment</th>
<th>Marine water sediment</th>
<th>Soil</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dimethyl glutarate</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

**Skin protection**

For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: butyl rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

May be used: nitrile rubber

**Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection**

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection**: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3.

**Environmental exposure controls**: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

- **Physical state**: Liquid.
- **Colour**: Colourless.
- **Odour**: Characteristic.
- **Odour threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: insoluble in water.
- **Melting point/freezing point**: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25 to 45°C (-13 to 113°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: trimethylbenzene. Weighted average: -53.49°C (-64.3°F)

- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: >37.78°C

- **Flash point**: Closed cup: 42°C
- **Evaporation rate**: Highest known value: 0.814 (1-methoxy-2-propanol) Weighted average: 0.
- **Material supports combustion.**: Yes.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: liquid
- **Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)
- **Vapour pressure**: Highest known value: 1.1 kPa (8.5 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 0.27 kPa (2.03 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
- **Vapour density**: Highest known value: 5 (Air = 1) (3-methoxybutyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.
- **Relative density**: 1.04
- **Bulk density ( g/cm³ )**: 0.04
- **Solubility(ies)**: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not applicable.
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: Lowest known value: 220 to 250°C (428 to 482°F) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.).
- **Decomposition temperature**: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
- **Viscosity**: Kinematic (40°C): >0.21 cm²/s
- **Viscosity**: 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm)
- **Explosive properties**: Product does not present an explosion hazard.
- **Oxidising properties**: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2 Other information
No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability
The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:
- oxidising agents
- strong alkalis
- strong acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon oxides
- nitrogen oxides
- Formaldehyde

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>propylene carbonate</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>29 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyl diamine</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1.47 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>13 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5.2 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>butan-1-ol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>24000 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>8000 ppm</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>3400 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>790 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;1.7 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dimethyl glutarate</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4.3 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary
There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>8554.1 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>32467.9 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation (vapours)</td>
<td>324.7 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td>500 mg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>butan-1-ol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>Not determined</td>
<td>central nervous system (CNS), kidneys and liver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aspiration hazard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Information on likely routes of exposure: Not available.

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 12/17
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- redness
- dryness
- cracking
- blistering may occur

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain
- watering
- redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure
- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure
- Potential immediate effects: Not available.
- Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information: Not available.

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>LC50 2 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>Acute LC50 23300 mg/l</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 &gt;4500 mg/l</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>49.6 % - Inherent - 28 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Inherent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>propylene carbonate</td>
<td>-0.41</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-phenyl-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diylidiamine</td>
<td>1.36</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>butan-1-ol</td>
<td>0.88</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>3.16</td>
<td>7.4 to 18.5</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dimethyl glutarate</td>
<td>0.62</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>OC</sub>): Not available.

Mobility: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.

vPvB: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste code</th>
<th>Waste designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>08 01 11*</td>
<td>waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Packaging

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.1 UN number</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.2 UN proper shipping name</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.4 Packing group</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.5 Environmental hazards</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Marine pollutant substances</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, 1,2, 4-trimethylbenzene)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information

ADR/RID: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Tunnel code: (D/E)

ADN: Not applicable.

IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14. Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c
E2

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IATA = International Air Transport Association

SECTION 16: Other information

Procedures used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3, H226</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 3, H336</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

History

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Date of previous issue : 4 April 2018
Prepared by : EHS
Version : 1.04

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.